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IMPLEMENTATION OF AUTOMATIC HUMAN AGE ESTIMATOR

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ABSTRACT

In this, paper review a new automatic age estimation framework is proposed. A single image is required to estimate the age of the subject of interest as a input. By using three main modules we are composed a framework which are:-1) module of the face detection; 2) module of enhancement; and 3) the classification module. In case of classification module we are used unsupervised classification technique. K means algorithm is used which classified the features obtained from the Gabor filters of 6 directions and 4 scales. In the enhancement module of the proposed framework, the key for age estimation are facial regions which are identified by using a more detailed analysis. Finally, by utilizing the FG-net database we can calculate the application of human age estimation. The face detection module comprises the learning for age estimation and main blocks of image representation a. For age image representation, a technique named Adaboost which is modification of viola Jones algorithm is used.

KEYWORDS— Estimation of Age, Adaboost algorithm, gabber filter, Detection of face, feature extraction, Classification of Feature.

INTRODUCTION

Mostly peoples are able to easily recognize by using theirs human traits like state of emotion, where they can tell if the person is sad, angry or happy from the face. As like, it is very easy to determine the gender of the person. The signs of age progression are normally displayed on faces which cannot be controllable and personalized such as whitening of hair, dropping of muscles and wrinkles. Depending upon the many external factors such as life style and degree of stress we can easily see the signs of age. An old person whose age is 30 years smokes a box of cigarettes each day when we compared his other facial characteristics such as gender, expression and identity then he will look like a 42 years old one. Our main work is revolving around the three modules: detection of face, extraction of features and classification of features.

Overview of Proposed Age Estimation System

Considers the effects of gender and/or facial expression are an overview of our age estimation system. Our First step is to detect the eye and face positions from the input image by using an adaptive boosting (Adaboost) method. By using an Adaboost method we will select the face region used for extraction the features which will mainly exclude the hairs, and then we will using the histogram equalization of facial image for counting the non Illumination of light. Biographical features of image like center of left eye to nose, eye to eye distance, center of right eye to nose and face angle is calculated along with wrinkles features on images which are global features. These features are global features and Global features are obtained by using Gabor filters with specific number of orientations and angles. Amongst algorithms of classification, algorithms of clustering serves better. So fuzzy-K means approach will be used for it and results will be obtained in terms of MAE.

Adaboost Method

By implementing an algorithm for detection of faces in an image the basic problem to be solved. In 1996 Freund and Schapiro was developed the Adaboost algorithm. Adaboost is a machine learning boosting algorithm which is capable

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of constructing a strong classifier by using a weighted combination of weak classifiers. (In mostly cases a weak classifier classifier classifier classifier to match this terminology to the presented theory. A weak classifier is mathematically described as:

$$h(f, p, x, \theta) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } p\theta < pf(x) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1)

Where x is a 24*24 pixel sub-window, f is the features applied p the polarity and θ the threshold which decides whether x should be classified as a negative (a non-face) or a positive (a face). Since only a small amount of the possible 160.000 feature values are expected to be potential weak classifiers. We modified the Adaboost algorithm only for selecting the best features. The face detector is ready for implementation by using Adaboost algorithm, but Viola-Jones has one more ace up the sleeve.

Gabor filter

The impulse response of a Gabor filter (linear filter) is defined by a Gaussian function multiplied by a harmonic function. In many applications, Gabor filters have been used, like segmentation of texture, detection of target, management of fractal dimension, analysis of document, detection of edge, identification of retina, and coding of image and image representation. as a Like a sinusoidal plane of particular orientation and frequency we can be viewed Gabor filter, which is modulated by a Gaussian envelope.

s(x, y): Complex sinusoid

h(x, y) = g(x, y)s(x, y)

g(x, y): 2-D Gaussian shaped function, known as envelope

$$g(x,y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x^2}{\sigma_x^2} + \frac{y^2}{\sigma_y^2})}$$
$$s(x,y) = e^{-j2\pi(\omega_0 x + v_0 y)}$$

The Gaussian envelope looks as follows:

$$\omega_r(x,y) = K \exp(b^2(y-y_0)_r^2) + (-\pi(a^2(x-x_0)_r^2)$$

LBP&MLBP

Nguyen, D.,T. et. al [2014], by using support vector regression (SVR) method investigated the effects of gender and facial expression on age estimation. This research is process in the following four ways. First, the age estimation accuracies by using a LBP (single-level local binary pattern) and MLBP (Multilevel LBP) are compared, and better performance as an extractor of texture features globally is shown by MLBP. Then second, we compare the accuracies of age estimation, using local features extracted by Gabor filtering, global features extracted by MLBP and the combination of the two methods. The third approach is the most accurate which is shown by results. Third, we compared age estimation accuracy with and without pre classification of expression of face are compared and then it analyzed. Fourth, we compared with and without pre classification of gender and analyzed. In the gender pre classification of age estimation experiment showed the results which are more effectiveness.

The contents of this paper Review are structured as follows: Chapter II Literature survey. Chapter III Problem formulation and objective. IV. Proposed work. V. Results & Discussion. VI. Conclusion. VII. Future Work. VIII. Acknowledgements. IX. References

LITERATURE SURVEY

[1] Lazarus, M.Z. et. al [2013]proposed in this article the given input images is capable of segregating into three clusters namely: Senior; Adult; Baby. The database which is used in this FG-NET database is available online and whose results shown the 100 percent accuracy.

[2] Nguyen, D.,T. et. al [2014] by using support vector regression (SVR) method investigated the effects of gender and facial expression on age estimation. This research is process in the following four ways. First, the age estimation accuracies by using a LBP (single-level local binary pattern) and MLBP (Multilevel LBP) are compared, and better performance as an extractor of texture features globally is shown by MLBP. Then second, we compare the accuracies of age estimation, using local features extracted by Gabor filtering, global features extracted by MLBP and the combination of the two methods. The third approach is the most accurate which is shown by results. Third, we

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- [3]. Dib. Y. El et. Alex ended BIF by incorporating fine details features of facial, by using active shape models automatic initialization and by including the forehead details analyzing a more complete facial area.
- [4] Jana, R. et. al. [2012] concerned To estimate age groups using face features with providing a methodology. This paper proves that we estimate face angle and human age classify according to features of face which are extracted from human facial images. Age ranges are classified into five categories. Those are up to 17 years (child), 18to 25 years (young), 26 to 35 years (adult), 36 to 45 years (middle aged) and more than 45 years (old). The obtained results were significant. This paper can be used for expressions from facial images, classifying gender, and predicting future faces.
- [5] Otto, C. et.al [2012] propose a component based method for age invariant face recognition.
- [6]. Ubaid, S. et.al [2013] discussed By using the facial image of a person we are finding the human age. It has many real world applications like interaction of human computer, security of internet, multimedia communication, vending machines etc. During growth, two main forms of aging is affected, one is the shape and size variation and the other is the variation in textural. In this paper, we use the variation in textural of the face during the growth, which appear more in the adulthood in the form of wrinkles.
- [7] Iraji, M.S. et.al [2014] to estimate the age of face image presented an intelligent mod. They used shape and feature of texture extraction from FG-NET landmark image data set using AAM (Active Appearance Model), CLM (Constrained Local Model), tree Mixture algorithms. Experimental results showed that in proposed system, fuzzy SVM has less errors and system worked more accurate and appropriative than prior methods. Our system is able to identify age of face image from different directions as is.
- [8] Chang, K.U. et.al [2010] proposed a ranking-based framework consisting of a set of binary queries.
- [9] Jana, R. et. al. [2013] estimated age group using face features. This process involves three stages: Pre-processing, Extraction of Feature and Classification. Based on the texture and shape information age classification is done using K-Means clustering algorithm. Age ranges are classified dynamically depending on number of groups using K-Means clustering algorithm. The obtained results were significant.

PROBLEM FORMULATION & OBJECTIVE

By using facial features we can classified the age by using two categories which have been constructed for features: Global features, local features. Among global features, many researchers are used Active appearance models (AAM) is frequently. But it Causes of many drawback that they don't provide any information about features of skin and wrinkles. Many researchers are also used Based on the classification of wrinkle features. But it suffers setback in case of scar on face. Due to causes scar area a large (highest) number of edge points will come and that can lead to misconception. To eliminate this problem local and global both features are used for estimate the age. But there is one more hindrance due to which the correct estimation is measurably affects and this is less tackled by researchers for face non- uniform illumination. When we are not used it, then results are doubted. After extraction of features, we used the classification techniques for featured classified in different age groups. SVM is good in classifications is shown by researchers

Keeping above points into consideration which we will be followed these key objectives in our work:

- For selecting the face region we will used Adaboost method, this method is used for extraction the
 features in which we will mainly exclude hairs, and then we will done the histogram equalization of
 facial image to counter light non illumination.
- Geographical features of image like center of left eye to nose, eye to eye distance, center of right eye
 to nose and face angle are calculated along with wrinkles features on images which are global features.
 By using Gabor filters with specific number of angles and orientations we will obtain the features
 which are global features.
- Amongst algorithms of classification, algorithms of clustering serves better. So we will be used fuzzyK means approach for it and we will obtained the results in terms of MAEvaluable suggestion and
 advice while evaluating our work time to time.

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